

Sub Code: - LPG 131

Roll No.....

**SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2022-2023**

**LL.M. (CRIMINOLOGY) 2022**

**CRIMINOLOGY AND CRIMINAL ADMINISTRATION**

**Duration: 3:00 hrs.**

**Max Marks: 60**

**Note: Attempt all questions. All questions carry equal marks. In case of any ambiguity or missing data, the same may be assumed and state the assumption made in the answer.**

Q 1.	<b>Answer any Two parts of the following within 200-225 words.</b> a) State the object and rationale of criminal procedure? Elaborate the historical emergence of the criminal system in India. b) Elaborate the meaning of the word criminology. Discuss various theories that explain the concept and nature of criminology. c) Discuss the legal and social status of crime? What is the importance of the study of criminology?	2x6=12
Q 2.	<b>Answer any Two parts of the following within 200-225 words.</b> a) Female victims and Female criminality intertwined? Comment. b) "Greatest contribution of the positivist school to the development of criminal science lies in the fact that the attention of criminologists was drawn for the first time towards the personality of criminals rather than crime or punishment." Comment. c) "A person becomes criminal because of an excess of definitions favourable to law violation over definitions unfavourable to violation of the law." Do you agree with this statement? Critically analyse Sutherland's differential association theory of crime causation.	2x6=12
Q 3.	<b>Answer any Two parts of the following within 200-225 words.</b> a) What do you understand by 'Positivism'? Discuss the contribution of positivist school in the understanding of crime causation, prevention and punishment. b) Elaborate the relationship between criminal policy, criminal law and criminology? c) State reasons of female criminality in India.	2x6=12
Q 4.	<b>Answer any One part of the following within 450-500 words</b> a) Retention of capital punishment is a necessary evil in prevalent Indian scenario." Evaluate the merits and demerits of capital punishment in society. b) Prisons in modern India serve as institutions of reformation of offenders. However, they suffer from certain problems which need immediate attention otherwise they will be nothing else than the breeding grounds of delinquency."	1x12=12

	<p>In light of the above statement, briefly discuss the reforms required in India with regard to prisons and prisoners' rights.</p> <p>c) W aged 17 years and X, Y and Z aged 30, 35 &amp; 40 years were prosecuted by a special court for killing 5 people in a terrorist attack. 'A' challenged his trial by the Special Court. Can he do so? Discuss various provisions regarding the Appeal of cases in criminal law. Elaborate the concept of special leave petition as per constitutional provision.</p>	
Q 5.	<p><b>Answer any One part of the following within 450-500 words</b></p> <p>a) Elucidate the concept of 'Anomie' as relied on by Emile Durkheim and Robert K. Merton for explaining criminality. Can it be applied to explain crime in India? Explain the protection against human trafficking under various laws in India.</p> <p>b) 'Criminal behaviour' is learnt and not by birth.' To what extent do you agree with the above statement? Elucidate your answer with the help of learning theories of crime causation. Critically analyse the legal provisions in India for providing protection and relief to victims of crime. Cite case law.</p>	1x12=12

\*\*\*\*\*