

UTTARAKHAND TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, DEHRADUN



M TECH (ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING) Programme 2018

**Course Scheduling for M.Tech.,
Specialization:Electrical Engineering**

Semester 1

Sr. No	Core/Elective	Code	Course name				Credits
				L	T	P	
1	Core 1	(MEET101)	Power System Analysis	3	0	0	3
2	Core2	(MEET102)	Power Electronics Converter	3	0	0	3
3	PE1	(MEET111) (MEET112) (MEET113) (MEET114)	1.Renewable Energy System 2.Smartgrids 3.HVDC 4.Wind and Solar Systems	3	0	0	3
4	PE 2	(MEET121) (MEET122) (MEET123) (MEET124)	1.Electrical Power Distribution System 2.Mathematical Methods for Power Engineering 3.Pulse Width Modulation for PE Converters 4.Electric and Hybrid Vehicles	3	0	0	3
5		(MOET191)	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2
6	Lab 1	(MEEP101)	Power System Steady State Analysis Lab	0	0	4	2
7	Lab 2	(MEEP102) (MEEP111)	1.Power Electronics Lab 2.Renewable Energy Lab	0	0	4	2
8	Audit -I	(MAUT191) (MAUT192) (MAUT193) (MAUT194)	1.English for Research Paper Writing 2.Disaster Management 3.Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge 4.Value Education	2	0	0	0
Total Credits 18							

Semester 2

Sr. No	Core/Elective	Code	Course name				Credits
				L	T	P	
1	Core 3	(MEET201)	Modeling and Analysis of Electrical Machines	3	0	0	3
2	Core4	(MEET202)	Digital Protection of Power	3	0	0	3

			System				
3	PE3	(MEET231) (MEET232) (MEET233)	1. Restructured Power Systems 2. Advanced Digital Signal Processing 3. Power Apparatus Design	3	0	0	3
4	PE 4	(MEET241) (MEET242) (MEET243) (MEET244)	1. Advanced Micro-Controller Based Systems 2. SCADA System and Applications 3. Power Quality 4. AI Techniques	3	0	0	3
5		(MEEP202)	Mini Project	0	0	4	2
6	Lab 3	(MEEP201) (MEEP243)	1. Electrical Machines Laboratory 2. Power Quality Lab	0	0	4	2
7	Lab 4	(MEEP244) (MEEP245) (MEEP246)	1. Artificial Intelligence Lab 2. Power Electronics Applications to Power Systems Lab 3. Smart Grids Lab	0	0	4	2
8	Audit -II	(MAUT291) (MAUT292) (MAUT293) (MAUT294)	1. Constitution of India 2. Pedagogy Studies 3. Stress Management by Yoga 4. Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills	2	0	0	0
Total Credits 18							

Semester 3

Sr. No	Core/Elective	Code	Course name				Credits
				L	T	P	
1	PE5	(MEET351) (MEET352) (MEET353) (MEET354)	1. Power System Transients 2. FACTS and Custom Power Devices 3. Industrial Load Modelling and Control 4. Dynamics Of Linear Systems	3	0	0	3
4	OE	(MOET391) (MOET392) (MOET393) (MOET394) (MOET395) (MOET396)	1. Business Analytics 2. Industrial Safety 3. Operations Research 4. Cost Management of Engineering Projects 5. Composite Materials 6. Waste to Energy	3	0	0	3
5	Major Project	(MEEP301)	Phase- I Dissertation	0	0	20	10
Total Credits 16							

Semester 4

Sr. No	Core/Elective	Code	Course name				Credits
				L	T	P	
1	Major Project	(MEEP401)	Phase- II Dissertation	0	0	32	16
Total Credits 16							

GRAND TOTAL CREDITS 68

Programme Outcomes of Power Systems Stream

PO1 Ability to apply the enhanced knowledge in advanced technologies for modelling, analyzing and solving contemporary issues in power sector with a global perspective.

PO2 Ability to critically analyze and carry out detailed investigation on multifaceted complex problems in area of Power Systems and envisage advanced research in thrust areas.

PO3 Ability to identify, analyze and solve real-life engineering problems in the area of Power Systems and provide strategic solutions satisfying the safety, cultural, societal and environmental aspects/ needs.

PO4 Ability for continued pursuance of research and to design, develop and propose theoretical and practical methodologies towards research and development support for the Power System infrastructure.

PO5 Ability to develop and utilize modern tools for modelling, analyzing and solving various Engineering problems related to Power Systems.

PO6 Willingness and ability to work in a team of engineers/ researchers with mutual understandings to take unsophisticated challenges, in the field of Power Systems, lead and motivate the group to inculcate multidisciplinary and collaborative approach.

PO7 Willingness and ability to take up administrative challenges including the management of various projects of interdisciplinary nature and carry out the same in an efficient manner giving due consideration to societal, environmental, economical and financial factors.

PO8 Ability to express ideas clearly and communicate orally as well as in writing with others in an effective manner, adhering to various national and international standards and practices for the documentation and presentation of the contents.

Audit course 1 & 2

1. English for Research Paper Writing
2. Disaster Management
3. Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge
4. Value Education
5. Constitution of India
6. Pedagogy Studies
7. Stress Management by Yoga
8. Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills.

1st Semester

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Core-1: Power System Analysis (MEET101)

Course Objectives-

Students will be able to :

1. Study various methods of load flow and their advantages and disadvantages
2. Understand how to analyze various types of faults in power system
3. Understand power system security concepts and study the methods to rank the contingencies
4. Understand need of state estimation and study simple algorithms for state estimation
5. Study voltage instability phenomenon

Syllabus		
Units	Contents	Hours
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Load flow :Overview of Newton-Raphson ,Gauss-Siedel • fast decoupled methods, convergence properties, sparsity techniques, handling Q-max violations in constant matrix, inclusion in frequency effects • AVR in load flow, handling of discrete variable in load flow. <p>Security Analysis: Security state diagram, contingency analysis, generator shift distribution factors</p>	8
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fault Analysis: Simultaneous faults, • open conductors faults, • generalized method of fault analysis. 	8
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • security Analysis: Security state diagram, contingency analysis , generator shift distribution factor • line outage distribution factor, multiple line outages, • overload index ranking 	8
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power System Equivalents : WARD • REI.equivalents 	6
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State Estimation : Sources of errors in measurement • Virtual and Pseudo, • Measurement, Observability, • Tracking state estimation, • WSL method, bad data correction. 	6
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Voltage Stability : Voltage collapse, • P-V curve, multiple power flow solution, • continuation power flow, optimal multiplies load flow, • voltage collapse proximity indices. 	8

Suggested reading

Uttarakhand Technical University, Electrical Engineering 2018

1. J.J. Grainger & W.D. Stevenson, "Power system analysis", McGraw Hill, 2003
2. A. R. Bergen & Vijay Vittal, "Power System Analysis", Pearson, 2000
3. L.P. Singh, "Advanced Power System Analysis and Dynamics", New Age International, 2006
4. G.L. Kusic, "Computer aided power system analysis", Prentice Hall India, 1986
5. A.J. Wood, "Power generation, operation and control", John Wiley, 1994
6. P.M. Anderson, "Faulted power system analysis", IEEE Press, 1995

Course outcomes-

Students will be able to:

1. Able to calculate voltage phasors at all buses, given the data using various methods of load flow
2. Able to calculate fault currents in each phase
3. Rank various contingencies according to their severity
4. Estimate the bus voltage phasors given various quantities viz. power flow, voltages, taps, CB status etc
5. Estimate closeness to voltage collapse and calculate PV curves using continuation power flow

CORE-2:Power Electronic Converters(MEET102)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:

1. Understand the concepts and basic operation of PWM converters, including basic circuit operation and design.
2. Understand the steady-state and dynamic analysis of PWM converters along with the

Syllabus		
Units	Content	Hours
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis of power semiconductor switched circuits with R, L, RL, RC loads • D.C. motor load. Battery charging circuit. 	8
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single-Phase and Three-Phase AC to DC converters. • Half controlled configurations-operating domains of three phase full converters and semi-converters. Reactive power considerations. 	8
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis and design of DC to DC converters. • Control of DC-DC converters: Buck converters, Boost converters, Buck-Boost converters, Cuk converters. 	6
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Single phase and three phase inverters. • Voltage source and Current source inverters. • Voltage control and harmonic minimization in inverters. 	8
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AC to AC power conversion using voltage regulators. • Choppers and cyclo-converters. • Consideration of harmonics, introduction to Matrix converters. 	8
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design aspects of converters, Few practical applications. 	6

Suggested reading:-

1. Ned Mohan, Undeland and Robbin, "Power Electronics: converters, Application and design", John's Wiley and sons.Inc, Newyork.
2. M.H.Rashid, "Power Electronics", Prentice Hall of India 1994.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. To give a systematic approach for transient and steady state analysis of all power electronic
2. converters with passive and active loads.
3. To know and carry out transient and steady state analysis of different power converters of
4. different types of loads and switching sequences.

PE 1 : RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEM (MEET111)

Course Objectives:-Students will be able to:

1. To learn various renewable energy sources
2. To gain understanding of integrated operation of renewable energy sources
3. To understand Power Electronics Interface with the Grid

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	Introduction, Distributed vs Central Station Generation Sources of Energy such as Micro-turbines Internal Combustion Engines.	8
2	Introduction to Solar Energy, Wind Energy, Combined Heat and Power Hydro Energy, Tidal Energy, Wave Energy Geothermal Energy, Biomass and Fuel Cells.	8
3	Power Electronic Interface with the Grid	6
4	Impact of Distributed Generation on the Power System Power Quality Disturbances	8
5	Transmission System Operation Protection of Distributed Generators	8
6	Economics of Distributed Generation Case Studies	6

Suggested reading

- 1.RanjanRakesh, Kothari D.P, Singal K.C, "Renewable Energy Sources and Emerging Technologies",2nd Ed. Prentice Hall of India ,2011
- 2.MathH.Bollen, Fainan Hassan, "Integration of Distributed Generation in the Power System", July 2011,Wiley –IEEE Press
- 3.Loī Lei Lai, Tze Fun Chan, "Distributed Generation: Induction and Permanent Magnet Generators",October 2007, Wiley-IEEE Press.
- 4.RogerA.Messenger, Jerry Ventre, "Photovoltaic System Engineering", 3rd Ed, 2010
- 5.JamesF.Manwell, Jon G.McGowan, Anthony L Rogers, "Wind energy explained: Theory Design and Application", John Wiley and Sons 2nd Ed, 2010

Course Outcomes:-Students will be able to:

1. Knowledge about renewable energy
2. Understand the working of distributed generation system in autonomous/grid connected modes
3. Know the Impact of Distributed Generation on Power System

PE 1: SMART GRIDS (MEET112)

Course Objectives:-Students will be able to:

4. Understand concept of smart grid and its advantages over conventional grid
5. Know smart metering techniques
6. Learn wide area measurement techniques
7. Understanding the problems associated with integration of distributed generation & its solution through smart grid.

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	Introduction to Smart Grid, Evolution of Electric Grid Concept of Smart Grid, Definitions Need of Smart Grid, Concept of Robust & Self Healing Grid Present development & International policies in Smart Grid	8
2	Introduction to Smart Meters, Real Time Pricing, Smart Appliances, Automatic Meter Reading(AMR) Outage Management System(OMS) Plug in Hybrid Electric Vehicles(PHEV), Vehicle to Grid, Smart Sensors, Home & Building Automation Smart Substations, Substation Automation, Feeder Automation .	8
3	Geographic Information System(GIS) Intelligent Electronic Devices(IED) & their application for monitoring & protection, Smart storage like Battery, SMES, Pumped Hydro, Compressed Air Energy Storage, Wide Area Measurement System(WAMS) Phase Measurement Unit(PMU)	8
4	Concept of micro-grid, need & applications of micro-grid, formation of micro-grid, Issues of interconnection, protection & control of micro-grid. Plastic & Organic solar cells, Thin film solar cells, Variable speed wind generators, fuel-cells, micro-turbines Captive power plants, Integration of renewable energy sources	8
5	Power Quality & EMC in Smart Grid, Power Quality issues of Grid connected Renewable Energy Sources Power Quality Conditioners for Smart Grid, Web based Power Quality monitoring Power Quality Audit	6
6	Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI), Home Area Network	6

(HAN), Neighborhood Area Network (NAN), Wide Area Network (WAN) Bluetooth, ZigBee, GPS, Wi-Fi, Wi-Max based communication, Wireless Mesh Network, Basics of CLOUD Computing & Cyber Security for Smart Grid Broadband over Power line (BPL) IP based protocols
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Suggested reading

1. AliKeyhani, "Design of smart power grid renewable energy systems", Wiley IEEE, 2011
2. Clark W. Gellings, "The Smart Grid: Enabling Energy Efficiency and Demand Response", CRC Press, 2009
3. JanakaEkanayake, Nick Jenkins, KithsiriLiyanage, "Smart Grid: Technology and Applications", Wiley 2012
4. StuartBorlase, "Smart Grid: Infrastructure, Technology and solutions", CRC Press
5. A.G.Phadke, "Synchronized Phasor Measurement and their Applications", Springer

Course Outcomes

Students will be able to:

1. Appreciate the difference between smart grid & conventional grid
2. Apply smart metering concepts to industrial and commercial installations
3. Formulate solutions in the areas of smart substations, distributed generation and wide area measurements
4. Come up with smart grid solutions using modern communication technologies

PE 1 : HVDC(MEET113)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Understand state of the art HVDC technology. 2. Learn the Methods to carry out modeling and analysis of HVDC system frontier-area power flow regulation.

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Development of HVDC Technology, DC versus AC Transmission, Selection of converter configuration 	6
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rectifier and Inverter operation, Digital Simulation of converters, Control of HVDC converters and Systems 	8
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individual phase control, Equidistant firing controls, Higher level controls. Characteristics and non-characteristics harmonics filter design. Fault development and protection. 	6
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interaction between AC-DC power systems. Over voltages on AC/DC side, multi-terminal HVDC systems, control of MTDC systems. 	6
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modelling of HVDC systems, per unit system, Representation for power flow solution, representation for stability studies. 	6
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to relevant national and international standards, safe clearances for HV, Study regulations for HV tests, Digital techniques in HV measurements. 	6

Suggested reading

1. J. Arrillaga, "High Voltage Direct Transmission", Peter Peregrinus Ltd. London, 1983.
2. K. R. Padiyar, "HVDC Power Transmission Systems", Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1990.
3. E. W. Kimbark, "Direct Current Transmission", Vol. I, Wiley Interscience, 1971.
4. Erich Uhlmann, "Power Transmission by Direct Current", B.S. Publications, 2004.

Course Outcomes:-

Students will be able to:

1. To expose the students to the state of the art HVDC technology.
2. Knowledge of modelling and analysis of HVDC system for inter-area power flow regulation.
3. Study of Neetishatakam will help in developing.

PE 1 : WIND AND SOLAR SYSTEMS (MEET114)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:		
1. To get exposure to wind and solar systems		
2. To understand the factors involved in installation and commissioning of a Solar or Wind plant.		
3. Learning the dynamics involved when interconnected with power system grid		

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	Historical development and current status characteristics of wind power generation network integration issues	8
2	Generators and power electronics for wind turbines, power quality standards for wind turbines, Technical regulations for interconnections of wind farm with power systems.	8
3	Isolated wind systems, reactive power and voltage control, economic aspects.	8
4	Impacts on power system dynamics, power system interconnection	8
5	Introduction of solar systems, merits and demerits, concentrators, various applications.	6
6	Solar thermal power generation, PV power generation, Energy Storage device. Designing the solarsystem for small installations.	6

Suggested reading

1. Thomas Ackermann, Editor, "Wind power in Power Systems", John Willy and sons ltd.2005
2. Siegfried Heier, "Grid integration of wind energy conversion systems", John Willy and sons ltd., 2006
3. K. Sukhatme and S.P. Sukhatme, "Solar Energy". Tata MacGraw Hill, Second Edition, 1996

Course Outcomes:-

Students will be able to:

1. Appreciate the importance of energy growth of the power generation from the renewable energy sources and participate in solving these problems
2. Demonstrate the knowledge of the physics of wind power and solar power generation and all associated issues so as to solve practical problems
3. Demonstrate the knowledge of physics of solar power generation and the associated issues
4. Identify, formulate and solve the problems of energy crises using wind and solar energy

PE 2: ELECTRIC POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM(MEET121)

Course Objectives:-Students will be able to:

1. Learning about power distribution system
2. Learning of SCADA System
3. Understanding Distribution Automation

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	Distribution of Power, Management, Power Loads, Load Forecasting Short-term & Long-term, Power System Loading, Technological Forecasting.	8
2	Advantages of Distribution Management System (D.M.S.) Distribution Automation: Definition, Restoration / Reconfiguration of Distribution Network, Different Methods and Constraints Power Factor Correction	8
3	Interconnection of Distribution, Control & Communication Systems, Remote Metering, Automatic Meter Reading and its implementation	8
4	SCADA: Introduction, Block Diagram, SCADA Applied To Distribution Automation. Common Functions of SCADA, Advantages of Distribution Automation through SCADA	8
5	Calculation of Optimum Number of Switches, Capacitors, Optimum Switching Device Placement in Radial, Distribution Systems, Sectionalizing Switches – Types, Benefits, Bellman’s Optimality Principle, Remote Terminal Units, Energy efficiency in electrical distribution & Monitoring	6
6	Maintenance of Automated Distribution Systems Difficulties in Implementing Distribution.	6

Suggested reading

1. A.S. Pabla, “ Electric Power Distribution”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., Fourth Edition.
2. 2.M.K. Khedkar, G.M. Dhole, “A Text Book of Electrical power Distribution Automation”, University Science Press, New Delhi
3. Anthony J Panseni, “Electrical Distribution Engineering”, CRC Press
4. James Momoh, “Electric Power Distribution, automation, protection & control”, CRC Press

Course Outcomes :-Students will be able to:

1. Knowledge of power distribution system
2. Study of Distribution automation and its application in practice
3. To learn SCADA system

PE 2: MATHEMATICAL METHODS FOR POWER ENGINEERING(MEET122)

Course Objectives: -Students will be able to:

1. To understand the relevance of mathematical methods to solve engineering problems.
2. To understand how to apply these methods for a given engineering problem.

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	Vector spaces, Linear transformations	6
2	Matrix representation of linear transformation Eigen values and Eigen vectors of linear operator	6
3	Linear Programming Problems Simplex Method Duality Non Linear Programming problems	8
4	Unconstrained Problems Search methods Constrained Problems	8
5	Lagrange method Kuhn-Tucker conditions Random Variables Distributions	8
6	Independent Random Variables Marginal and Conditional distributions Elements of stochastic processes	8

Suggested reading

1. Kenneth Hoffman and Ray Kunze, “Linear Algebra”, 2nd Edition, PHI, 1992
2. Erwin Kreyszig, “Introductory Functional Analysis with Applications”, John Wiley & Sons, 2004
3. Irwin Miller and Marylees Miller, John E. Freund’s “Mathematical Statistics”, 6th Edn, PHI, 2002
4. J. Medhi, “Stochastic Processes”, New Age International, New Delhi., 1994

5. A Papoulis, "Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes", 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2002
6. John B Thomas, "An Introduction to Applied Probability and Random Processes", John Wiley, 2000
7. Hillier F S and Liebermann G J, "Introduction to Operations Research", 7th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2001
8. Simmons D M, "Non Linear Programming for Operations Research", PHI, 1975

Course Outcomes: -

Students will be able to:

1. Knowledge about vector spaces, linear transformation, eigenvalues and eigenvectors of linear operators
2. To learn about linear programming problems and understanding the simplex method for solving linear programming problems in various fields of science and technology
3. Acquire knowledge about nonlinear programming and various techniques used for solving constrained and unconstrained nonlinear programming problems
4. Understanding the concept of random variables, functions of random variable and their probability distribution
5. Understand stochastic processes and their classification

PE 2 : PULSE WIDTH MODULATION FOR PE CONVERTERS (MEET123)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To understand Necessity and Importance of PWM techniques 2. Implementation of PWM controllers 		

Syllabus		
Units	Content	Hours
1	Introduction to PE converters Modulation of one inverter phase leg Modulation of single phase VSI and 3 phase VSI	8
2	Zero space vector placement modulation strategies Losses-Discontinuous modulation Modulation of CSI	8
3	Over modulation of converters programme modulation strategies	8
4	Pulse width modulation for multilevel inverters Implementation of modulation controller	8
5	Continuing developments in modulation as random PWM PWM for voltage unbalance	6
6	Effect of minimum pulse width and dead time	6

Suggested reading

1. D. Grahame Holmes, Thomas A. Lipo, "Pulse width modulation of Power Converter: Principles and Practice", John Wiley & Sons, 03-Oct-2003
2. Bin Vew, "High Power Converter", Wiley Publication
3. Marian K. Kazimirczuk, "Pulse width modulated dc-dc power converter", Wiley Publication

Course Outcomes :-Students will be able to:

- 1.Appreciate importance of PWM techniques

2. Implement PWM using different strategies
3. Control CSI and VSI using PWM
4. Compare performance of converter for different PWM techniques

PE 2 : ELECTRIC AND HYBRID VECHILES (MEET124)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To understand upcoming technology of hybrid system 2. To understand different aspects of drives application 3. Learning the electric Traction 	

Syllabus		
Units	Content	Hours
1	History of hybrid and electric vehicles, Social and environmental importance of hybrid and electric vehicles Impact of modern drive-trains on energy supplies Basics of vehicle performance, vehicle power source characterization Transmission characteristics Mathematical models to describe vehicle performance	8
2	Basic concept of hybrid traction, 8 Introduction to various hybrid drive-train topologies Power flow control in hybrid drive-train topologies Fuel efficiency analysis.	
3	Basic concept of hybrid traction, Introduction to various hybrid drive-train topologies Power flow control in hybrid drive-train topologies Fuel efficiency analysis.	8
4	Introduction to electric components used in hybrid and electric Vehicles Configuration and control of DC Motor drives Configuration and control of Introduction Motor drives configuration and control of Permanent Magnet Motor drives Configuration and control of Switch Reluctance Motor drives, drive system efficiency	8

5	Matching the electric machine and the internal combustion engine (ICE) Sizing the propulsion motor, sizing the power electronics Selecting the energy storage technology Communications, supporting subsystems	8
6	Introduction to energy management and their strategies used in hybrid and electric vehicle Classification of different energy management strategies Comparison of different energy management strategies Implementation issues of energy strategies	6

Suggested reading

1. Sira -Ramirez, R. Silva Ortigoza, "Control Design Techniques in Power Electronics Devices", Springer.
2. Siew-Chong Tan, Yuk-Ming Lai, Chi Kong Tse, "Sliding mode control of switching Power Converters"

Course Outcomes :-

Students will be able to:

1. Acquire knowledge about fundamental concepts, principles, analysis and design of hybrid and electric vehicles.
2. To learn electric drive in vehicles / traction.

LAB 1- POWER SYSTEM STEADY STATE ANALYSIS LAB (MEEP101)

S.No	Experiments	Hours
1	Power Systems & Power Electronics Lab	2
2	Computer Simulation Lab	2
3	Simulation of IGBT Inverters.	2
4	Simulation of Thyristor Converters.	2
5	Transient Stability Studies.	2
6	Short Circuit Studies.	2
7	Load Flow Studies	2
8	Load Forecasting and Unit Commitment	2

LAB2- RENEWABLE ENERGY LAB (MEEP111)

List of experiments:

S.No	Experiments	Hours
1	Power Curves	2
2	Build a Wind Farm	2
3	Test the Capabilities of the Hydrogen Fuel Cells and Capacitors	2
4	Effect of Temperature on Solar Panel Output	2
5	Variables Affecting Solar Panel Output	2
6	Effect of Load on Solar Panel Output	2
7	Wind Turbine Output: The Effect of Load	2
8	Test the Capabilities of Solar Panels and Wind Turbines	2

POWER ELECTRONICS LABORATORY (MEEP102)

S.No.	Experiments	Hours
1	To study V-I characteristics of SCR and measure latching and holding currents.	2
2	To study UJT trigger circuit for half wave and full wave control.	2

3	To study single-phase half wave controlled rectified with (i) resistive load (ii) inductive load with and without freewheeling diode.	2
4	To study single phase (i) fully controlled (ii) half controlled bridge rectifiers with resistive and inductive loads.	2
5	To study three-phase fully/half controlled bridge rectifier with resistive and inductive loads.	2
6	To study single-phase ac voltage regulator with resistive and inductive loads.	2
7	To study single phase cyclo-converter.	2
8	To study triggering of (i) IGBT (ii) MOSFET (iii) power transistor.	2
9	To study operation of IGBT/MOSFET chopper circuit.	2
10	To study MOSFET/IGBT based single-phase series-resonant inverter.	2
11	To study MOSFET/IGBT based single-phase bridge inverter.	2

Research Methodology and IPR (MOET191)

Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 1hrs/week

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- Understand research problem formulation.
- Analyze research related information
- Follow research ethics
- Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity.
- Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasize the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular.
- Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1: Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem.

Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

Unit 2: Effective literature studies approaches,
analysisPlagiarism, Research ethics,

Unit 3: Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper

Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

Unit 4: Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development.

International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants

of patents, Patenting under PCT.

Unit 5: Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications.

Unit 6: New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

References:

- Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, “Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students”
- Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, “Research Methodology: An Introduction”
- Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition , “Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners”
- Halbert, “Resisting Intellectual Property”, Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
- Mayall , “Industrial Design”, McGraw Hill,1992.
- Niebel , “Product Design”, McGraw Hill, 1974.
- Asimov , “Introduction to Design”, Prentice Hall, 1962.
- Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, “ Intellectual Property in New Technological Age”, 2016.
- T. Ramappa, “Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO”, S. Chand, 2008

SECOND SEMESTER

CORE - 3: Modeling And Analysis Of Electrical Machines (MEET201)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:

1. To understand the operation of an electrical machine mathematically.
2. To understand how a machine can be represented as its mathematical equivalent.
3. To develop mathematical model of AC & DC machines and perform transient analysis on them.

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Principles of Electromagnetic Energy Conversion. • General expression of stored magnetic energy. • Co-energy and force/torque, example using single and doubly excited system. 	8
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Concepts of Rotating Machines-Calculation of air gap mmf and per phase machine inductance using physical machine data; Voltage and torque equation of dc machine. 	8
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Three phase symmetrical induction machine and salient pole synchronous machines in phase variable form • Application of reference frame theory to three phase symmetrical induction and synchronous machines • Dynamic direct and quadrature axis model in arbitrarily rotating reference frames. 	8
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determination of Synchronous machine dynamic equivalent circuit parameters • Analysis and dynamic modeling of two phase asymmetrical induction machine and single phase induction machine. 	6

5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Special Machines - Permanent magnet synchronous machine • Surface permanent magnet (square and sinusoidal back emf type) and interior • permanent magnet machines • Construction and operating principle • Dynamic modelling and self-controlled operation. 	6
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis of Switch Reluctance Motors. • Brushless D.C. Motor for space Applications • Recent trends. 	8

Suggested reading

1. Charles Kingsle, Jr., A.E. Fitzgerald, Stephen D. Umans, "Electric Machinery", Tata Mcgraw Hill
2. R. Krishnan, "Electric Motor & Drives: Modeling, Analysis and Control", Prentice Hall of India
3. Miller, T.J.E., "Brushless Permanent Magnet and Reluctance Motor Drives", Clarendon Press
4. P.C. Krause "Analysis of Electric Machine" Wiley IEEE Press 3rd Edition

Course Outcomes:-

Students will be able to:

1. Knowledge about the dynamic behavior rotating machines.
2. Able to understand equivalent circuit of synchronous machines.
3. To understand various practical issues of different machines.

CORE - 4: DIGITAL PROTECTION OF POWER SYSTEM (MEET202)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:

1. Study of numerical relays
2. Developing mathematical approach towards protection
3. Study of algorithms for numerical protection

Units	Content	Hours
1	Evolution of digital relays from electromechanical relays Performance and operational characteristics of digital protection	6
2	Mathematical background to protection algorithms Finite difference techniques	6
3	Interpolation formulae Forward, backward and central difference interpolation Numerical differentiation Curve fitting and smoothing Least squares method Fourier analysis Fourier series and Fourier transform Walsh function analysis	8
4	Basic elements of digital protection Signal conditioning: transducers, surge protection, analog filtering, analog multiplexers Conversion subsystem: the sampling theorem, signal aliasing	8

	Error, sample and hold circuits, multiplexers, analog to digital Conversion Digital filtering concepts, The digital relay as a unit consisting of hardware and software	
5	Sinusoidal wave based algorithms Sample and first derivative (Mann and Morrison) algorithm. Fourier and Walsh based algorithms	8
6	Fourier Algorithm: Full cycle window algorithm, fractional cycle window algorithm. Walsh function based algorithm. Least Squares based algorithms. Differential equation based algorithms. Traveling Wave based Techniques. Digital Differential Protection of Transformers. Digital Line Differential Protection. Recent Advances in Digital Protection of Power Systems.	8

Suggested reading

1. A.G. Phadke and J. S. Thorp, "Computer Relaying for Power Systems", Wiley/Research studies Press, 2009
2. A.T. Johns and S. K. Salman, "Digital Protection of Power Systems", IEEE Press, 1999
3. Gerhard Zeigler, "Numerical Distance Protection", Siemens Publicis Corporate Publishing, 2006
4. S.R.Bhide "Digital Power System Protection" PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd.2014

Course Outcomes:-

Students will be able to:

1. Learn the importance of Digital Relays
2. Apply Mathematical approach towards protection
3. Learn to develop various Protection algorithms

PE 3: RESTRUCTURED POWER SYSTEMS (MEET231)

Course Objectives: -Students will be able to:

1. Understand what is meant by restructuring of the electricity market
2. Understand the need behind requirement for deregulation of the electricity market
3. Understand the money, power & information flow in a deregulated power system

Units	Content	Hours
1	Fundamentals of restructured system Market architecture Load elasticity Social welfare maximization	8
2	OPF: Role in vertically integrated systems and in restructured markets congestion management	8
3	Optimal bidding Risk assessment Hedging Transmission pricing Tracing of power	8
4	Ancillary services Standard market design Distributed generation in restructured markets	8
5	Developments in India IT applications in restructured markets	6
6	Working of restructured power systems PJM, Recent trends in Restructuring	6

Suggested reading

1. Lorrin Philipson, H. Lee Willis, "Understanding electric utilities and de-regulation", Marcel Dekker Pub., 1998.
2. Steven Stoft, "Power system economics: designing markets for electricity", John Wiley and Sons, 2002.
3. Kankar Bhattacharya, Jaap E. Daadler, Math H.J. Boolen, "Operation of restructured power systems", Kluwer Academic Pub., 2001.
4. Mohammad Shahidehpour, Muwaffaq Alomoush, "Restructured electrical power systems: operation, trading and volatility", Marcel Dekker.

Course Outcomes: -Students will be able to:

1. Describe various types of regulations in power systems.
2. Identify the need of regulation and deregulation.
3. Define and describe the Technical and Non-technical issues in Deregulated Power Industry.
4. Identify and give examples of existing electricity markets.
5. Classify different market mechanisms and summarize the role of various entities in the market.

PE 3:ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING (MEET232)

Course Objectives: -Students will be able to:

1. To understand the difference between discrete-time and continuous-time signals
2. To understand and apply Discrete Fourier Transforms (DFT)

Units	Content	Hours
1	Discrete time signals Linear shift invariant systems- Stability and causality Sampling of continuous time signals- Discrete time Fourier transform- Discrete Fourier series- Discrete Fourier Transform Z transform-Properties of different transforms	8
2	Linear convolution using DFT Computation of DFT Design of IIR digital filters from analog filters Impulse invariance method Bilinear transformation method	8
3	FIR filter design using window functions Comparison of IIR and FIR digital filters Basic IIR and FIR filter realization structures Signal flow graph representations Quantization process and errors Coefficient quantisation effects in IIR and FIR filters	8
4	A/D conversion noise- Arithmetic round-off errors Dynamic range scaling Overflow oscillations and zeroInput limit cycles in IIR filters Linear Signal Models	8
5	All pole, All zero and Pole-zero models Power spectrum estimation- Spectral analysis of deterministic signals. Estimation of power spectrum of stationary random signals	6
6	Optimum linear filters Optimum signal estimation Mean square error estimation Optimum FIR and IIR Filters	6

Suggested reading

1. Sanjit K Mitra, "Digital Signal Processing: A computer-based approach", TataMc Grow-Hill Edition 1998
2. Dimitris G. Manolakis, Vinay K. Ingle and Stephen M. Kogon, "Statistical and Adaptive Signal Processing", Mc Grow Hill international editions. -2000

Course Outcomes:-

Students will be able to:

1. Knowledge about the time domain and frequency domain representations as well analysis of discrete time signals and systems
2. Study the design techniques for IIR and FIR filters and their realization structures.
3. Acquire knowledge about the finite word length effects in implementation of digital filters.
4. Knowledge about the various linear signal models and estimation of power spectrum of stationary random signals
5. Design of optimum FIR and IIR filters

PE 3 : POWER APPARTUS DESIGN (MEET233)

Course Objectives: -Students will be able to:

1. Study the modelling analysis of rotating machine.
2. Learning electromagnetic energy conversion
3. To know about rating of machines.

SYLLABUS

Units	Content	Hours
1	Principles of Design of Machines -Specific loadings, choice of magnetic and electric loadings Real and apparent flux densities, temperature rise calculation, Separation of main dimension for DC machines Induction machines and synchronous machines Design of Transformers-General considerations, output equation, emf per turn, choice of flux density and current density, main dimensions, leakage reactance and conductor size, design of tank and cooling	8
2	Specific loadings, choice of magnetic and electric loadings Real and apparent flux -densities, temperature rise calculation Separation of main dimension for DC machines Induction machines and synchronous machines Heating and cooling of machines, types of ventilation, continuous and intermittent rating	8
3	General considerations, output equation, emf per turn, choice of flux density and current density, main dimensions, leakage reactance and conductor size, design of tank and cooling tubes Calculation of losses, efficiency and regulation Forces winding during short circuit	8
4	General considerations, output equation Choice of specific electric and magnetic loadings, efficiency, power factor Number of slots in stator and rotor Elimination of harmonic torques	8
5	Design of stator and rotor winding, slot leakage flux Leakage reactance, equivalent resistance of squirrel cage rotor, Magnetizing current, efficiency from design data	6

6	Types of alternators, comparison, specific loadings, output co-efficient, design of main dimensions Introduction to Computer Aided Electrical Machine Design Energy efficient machines	6
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Suggested reading

1. Clayton A.E, “The Performance and Design of D.C. Machines”, Sir I. Pitman & sons, Ltd.
2. M.G. Say, “The Performance and Design of A.C. Machines “, Pitman
3. Sawhney A.K, “A course in Electrical Machine Design”, DhanpatRai& Sons, 5th Edition

Course Outcomes: -

Students will be able to:

1. To give a systematic approach for modeling and analysis of all rotating machines under both transient and steady state conditions with the dimensions and material used
2. Ability to model and design all types of rotation machines including special machines

PE4 : ADVANCED MICRO-CONTROLLER BASED SYSTEMS

(MEET241)

Course Objectives:-Students will be able to:

1. To understand the architecture of advance microcontrollers
2. To understand the applications of these controllers
3. To get some introduction to FPGA

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	Basic Computer Organization with examples of 8086, 80X86, 8051 etc Accumulator based Processes-Architecture Memory Organization-I/O Organization	8
2	Micro-Controllers-Intel 8051, Intel 8056- Registers, Memories I/O Ports, Serial Communication Timers, Interrupts, Programming	8
3	Intel 8051 – Assembly language programming Addressing-Operations Stack & Subroutines Interrupts-DMA	8
4	PIC 16F877- Architecture Programming Interfacing Memory/ I/O Devices Serial I/O and data communication	8
5	Digital Signal Processor (DSP) Architecture – Programming Introduction to FPGA	6
6	Microcontroller development for motor control applications Stepper motor control using micro controller	6

6

Suggested reading

1. John.F.Wakerly: “Microcomputer Architecture and Programming”, John Wiley and Sons 1981
2. Ramesh S.Gaonker: “Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with the 8085”, Penram International Publishing (India), 1994
3. Raj Kamal: “The Concepts and Features of Microcontrollers”, Wheeler Publishing, 2005
4. Kenneth J. Ayala, “The 8051 microcontroller”, Cengage Learning, 2004
5. John Morton,” The PIC microcontroller: your personal introductory course”, Elsevier, 2005
6. Dogan Ibrahim,” Advanced PIC microcontroller projects in C: from USB to RTOS with the PIC18F Series”, Elsevier, 2008
7. Microchip datasheets for PIC16F877

Course Outcomes: -

Students will be able to:

1. To learn how to program a processor in assembly language and develop an advanced processorbased system
2. To learn configuring and using different peripherals in a digital system
3. To compile and debug a Program
4. To generate an executable file and use it

PE 4 : SCADA SYSTEM AND APPLICATIONS (MEET242)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To understand what is meant by SCADA and its functions 2. To know SCADA communication 3. To get an insight into its application 			
Syllabus			
Units	Content	Hours	
	Introduction to SCADA Data acquisition systems Evolution of SCADA Communication technologies	8	
2	Monitoring and supervisory functions SCADA applications in Utility Automation Industries SCADA	6	
3	Industries SCADA System Components Schemes- Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) Intelligent Electronic Devices(IED) Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) Communication Network, SCADA Server, SCADA/HMI Systems	8	
4	SCADA Architecture Various SCADA architectures, advantages and disadvantages of each System single unified standard architecture -IEC 61850.	8	
5	SCADA Communication various industrial communication technologies wired and wireless methods and fiber optics Open standard communication protocols	8	
6	SCADA Applications: Utility applications Transmission and Distribution sector operations, monitoring, analysis and Improvement Industries - oil, gas and water		6

Suggested reading

1. Stuart A. Boyer: “SCADA-Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition”, Instrument Society of America Publications, USA, 2004
2. Gordon Clarke, Deon Reynders: “Practical Modern SCADA Protocols: DNP3, 60870.5 and Related Systems”, Newnes Publications, Oxford, UK, 2004
3. William T. Shaw, “Cybersecurity for SCADA systems”, PennWell Books, 2006
4. David Bailey, Edwin Wright, “Practical SCADA for industry”, Newnes, 2003
5. Michael Wiebe, “A guide to utility automation: AMR, SCADA, and IT systems for electric power”, PennWell 1999

Course Outcomes:-

Students will be able to:

1. Describe the basic tasks of Supervisory Control Systems (SCADA) as well as their typical applications
2. Acquire knowledge about SCADA architecture, various advantages and disadvantages of each system
3. Knowledge about single unified standard architecture IEC 61850
4. To learn about SCADA system components: remote terminal units, PLCs, intelligent electronic devices, HMI systems, SCADA server
5. Learn and understand about SCADA applications in transmission and distribution sector, industries etc

PE 4: POWER QUALITY (MEET243)

Course Objectives: -Students will be able to:

8. Understand the different power quality issues to be addressed
9. Understand the recommended practices by various standard bodies like IEEE, IEC, etc on voltage & frequency, harmonics
10. Understanding STATIC VAR Compensators

Units	Content	Hours
1	Introduction-power quality-voltage quality-overview of power quality phenomena classification of power quality issues-power quality measures and standards-THD-TIF-DIN-C message weights-flicker factor transient phenomena-occurrence of power quality problems power acceptability curves-IEEE guides, standards and recommended practices.	8
2	Harmonics-individual and total harmonic distortion RMS value of a harmonic waveform-Triple harmonics-important harmonic introducing devices-SMPS-Three phase power converters- arcing devices saturable devices-harmonic distortion of fluorescent lamps-effect of power system harmonics on power system equipment and loads.	8
3	Modeling of networks and components under non-sinusoidal	8

	<p>conditions transmission and distribution systems</p> <p>Shunt capacitors-transformers-electric machines-ground systems loads that cause power quality problems</p> <p>power quality problems created by drives and its impact on drive</p>	
4	<p>Power factor improvement- Passive Compensation</p> <p>Passive Filtering , Harmonic Resonance</p> <p>Impedance Scan Analysis- Active Power Factor Corrected Single Phase Front End,</p> <p>Control Methods for Single Phase APFC</p> <p>Three Phase APFC and Control Techniques, PFC</p> <p>Based on Bilateral Single Phase and Three Phase Converter</p>	8
5	<p>Static VAR compensators-SVC and STATCOM Active Harmonic Filtering-Shunt Injection</p> <p>Filter for single phase, three-phase three-wire and three-phase four-wire systems</p> <p>d-q domain control of three phase shunt active filters uninterruptible power supplies constant voltage</p> <p>Transformers</p> <p>series active power filtering techniques for harmonic cancellation and isolation.</p>	8
6	<p>Dynamic Voltage Restorers for sag , swell and flicker problems.</p> <p>Grounding and wiring introduction</p> <p>NEC grounding requirements-reasons for grounding</p> <p>typical grounding and wiring problems solutions to grounding and wiring problems</p>	8

Suggested Reading

1. G.T. Heydt, "Electric power quality", McGraw-Hill Professional, 2007
2. Math H. Bollen, "Understanding Power Quality Problems", IEEE Press, 2000
3. J. Arrillaga, "Power System Quality Assessment", John wiley, 2000
4. J. Arrillaga, B.C. Smith, N.R. Watson & A. R.Wood , "Power system Harmonic Analysis", Wiley, 1997

Course Outcomes: -

Students will be able to:

1. Acquire knowledge about the harmonics, harmonic introducing devices and effect of harmonics on system equipment and loads
2. To develop analytical modeling skills needed for modeling and analysis of harmonics in networks and components
3. To introduce the student to active power factor correction based on static VAR compensators and its control techniques
4. To introduce the student to series and shunt active power filtering techniques for harmonics.

PE 4 – ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TECHNIQUES (MEET244)

Course Objectives:-Students will be able to:

1. Understanding fuzzy logic, ANN
2. Understanding GA & EP

Syllabus		
Units	Content	Hours
1	Biological foundations to intelligent Systems Artificial Neural Networks, Single layer and Multilayer Feed Forward NN LMS and Back Propagation Algorithm Feedback networks and Radial Basis Function Networks	8
2	Fuzzy Logic Knowledge Representation and Inference Mechanism Defuzzification Methods	8
3	Fuzzy Neural Networks some algorithms to learn the parameters of the network like GA	8
4	System Identification using Fuzzy and Neural Network	6
5	Genetic algorithm Reproduction cross over, mutation Introduction to evolutionary program	8
6	Applications of above mentioned techniques to practical problems	6

Suggested reading

1. J M Zurada , “An Introduction to ANN”,Jaico**Publishing** House
2. Simon Haykins, “Neural Networks”, Prentice Hall
3. Timothy Ross, “Fuzzy Logic with Engg.Applications”, McGraw. Hill
4. Driankov, Dimitra, “An Introduction to Fuzzy Control”, Narosa Publication
5. Golding, “Genetic Algorithms”, Addison-Wesley **Publishing** Com

Course Outcomes: -

Students will be able to:

1. Learn the concepts of biological foundations of artificial neural networks
2. Learn Feedback networks and radial basis function networks and fuzzy logics
3. Identifications of fuzzy and neural network
4. Acquire the knowledge of GA

LAB 3-ELECTRICAL MACHINES LABORATORY (MEEP201)

List of experiments:

S.No.	Experiments	Hours
1	Load test on dc shunt motor to draw speed – torque and horse power – efficiency characteristics.	2
2	Field Test on dc series machines.	2
3	Speed control of dc shunt motor by armature and field control.	2
4	Swinburne's Test on dc motor.	2
5	Retardation test on dc shunt motor.	2
6	Regenerative test on dc shunt machines.	2
7	Load test on three phase induction motor.	2
8	No load and Blocked rotor test on three phase induction motor to draw (i) equivalent circuit and(ii) circle diagram. Determination of performance parameters at different load conditions from(i) and (ii).	2
9	Load test on induction generator.	2
10	Load test on single phase induction motor to draw output versus torque, current, power and efficiency characteristics.	2
11	Conduct suitable tests to draw the equivalent circuit of single phase induction motor and determine performance parameters.	2
12	Conduct an experiment to draw V and $\cos\phi$ curves of synchronous motor at no load and load conditions.	2

POWER QUALITY LABORATORY (MEEP243)

S.No.	Experiments	Hours
1	To study the effect of non linear loads on power quality.	2
2	To demonstrate the voltage and current distortions experimentally.	2
3	To reduce the current harmonics with filters.	2
4	To study the voltage sag due to starting of large induction motor.	2
5	To study the capacitor switching transients.	2
6	To study the effect of balanced non linear load on neutral current , in a three phase circuit	2
7	To study the effect of ground loop.	2
8	To study the effect of voltage flicker.	2
9	To calculate the distortion power factor.	2
10	Study the effect of harmonics on energy meter reading.	2
11	To study effect of voltage sag on electrical equipments.	2
12	To obtain the current harmonics drawn by power electronics interface using PSCAD software	2

LAB 4- ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE/POWER ELECTRONICS/APPLICATION TO POWER SYSTEM LAB/SMART GRID LAB(MEEP244/MPEE245/MEEP246)

S.No	Experiments	Hours
1	Write A Program For Best First Search	2
2	Write A Program to Generate the output for A* Algorithm.	2
3	Write a Program To Show the Tic Tac Toe Game for 0 and X.	2
4	Write A Program For Expert System By Using Forward Chaining.	2
5	Comparing the Search Methods	2
6	Implement the Greedy Search Algorithm	2
7	Implement the min-max Algorithm	2
8	Adding a Heuristic	2

THIRD SEMESTER

PE 5: POWER SYSTEM TRANSIENTS (MEET351)

Course Objectives: -Students will be able to:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Learn the reasons for occurrence of transients in a power system 2. Understand the change in parameters like voltage & frequency during transients 3. To know about the lightning phenomenon and its effect on power system 		
Syllabus		
Units	Content	Hours
1	Fundamental circuit analysis of electrical transients Laplace Transform method of solving simple Switching transients Damping circuits -Abnormal switching transients, Three-phase circuits and transients Computation of power system transients	8
2	Principle of digital computation – Matrix method of solution Modal analysis- Z transform- Computation using EMTP Lightning, switching and temporary over voltages, Lightning Physical phenomena of lightning.	8
3	Interaction between lightning and power system Influence of tower footing resistance and Earth Resistance Switching: Short line or kilometric fault Energizing transients - closing and re-closing of lines line dropping, load rejection – over voltages induced by faults	8
4	Switching HVDC line Travelling waves on transmission line Circuits with distributed Parameters Wave Equation Reflection, Refraction, Behaviour of Travelling waves at the line Terminations Lattice Diagrams – Attenuation and Distortion Multi-conductor system and Velocity wave	8
5	Insulation co-ordination: Principle of insulation co-ordination in Air Insulated substation (AIS) and Gas Insulated Substation (GIS) Co-ordination between insulation and protection level Statistical approach	6
6	Protective devices Protection of system against over voltages lightning arresters, substation earthing	6

Suggested reading

1. Allan Greenwood, “Electrical Transients in Power System”, Wiley & Sons Inc. New York, 1991

Course Outcomes: -

Students will be able to:

1. Knowledge of various transients that could occur in power system and their mathematical formulation
2. Ability to design various protective devices in power system for protecting equipment and personnel
3. Coordinating the insulation of various equipments in power system
4. Modelling the power system for transient analysis

PE 5:FACTS AND CUSTOM POWER DEVICES (MEET352)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:		
1. To learn the active and reactive power flow control in power system 2. To understand the need for static compensators 3. To develop the different control strategies used for compensation		
Units	Content	Hours
1	Reactive power flow control in Power Systems Control of dynamic power unbalances in Power System - Power flow Control Constraints of maximum transmission line loading Benefits of FACTS Transmission line compensation Uncompensated line -Shunt compensation, Series compensation Phase angle control Reactive power compensation Shunt and Series compensation Principles Reactive compensation at transmission and distribution level	8
2	Static versus passive VAR compensator, Static shunt compensators: SVC and STATCOM Operation and control of TSC, TCR and STATCOM -Compensator Control Comparison between SVC and STATCOM	8
3	Static series compensation: TSSC, SSSC -Static voltage and phase angle regulators TCVR and TCPAR Operationand Control Applications, Static series compensation GCSC,TSSC, TCSC and Static synchronous series compensators and their Control	8
4	SSR and its dampingUnified Power Flow Controller Circuit Arrangement, Operation and control of UPFC Basic Principle of P and Q control Independent real and reactivepower flow control- Applications.	8
5	Introduction to interline power flow controller. Modeling and analysis of FACTS Controllers Simulation of FACTS controllers Power quality problems in distribution systems, harmonics, loads that create harmonics modeling, harmonic propagation, series and parallel resonances mitigation of harmonics passive filters, active filtering – shunt , series and hybrid and their	6

	Control	
6	Voltage swells , sags, flicker, unbalance and mitigation of these problems by power line conditioners IEEE standards on power quality.	6

Suggested Reading

1. K R Padiyar, “FACTS Controllers in Power Transmission and Distribution”, New Age International Publishers, 2007
2. X P Zhang, C Rehtanz, B Pal, “Flexible AC Transmission Systems- Modelling and Control”,
3. N.G. Hingorani, L. Gyugyi, “Understanding FACTS: Concepts and Technology of Flexible AC Transmission Systems”, IEEE Press Book, Standard Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, 2001.
4. K.S.Sureshkumar ,S.Ashok , “FACTS Controllers & Applications”, E-book edition, Nalanda Digital Library, NIT Calicut, 2003
5. G T Heydt , “Power Quality”, McGraw-Hill Professional, 2007
6. T J E Miller, “Static Reactive Power Compensation”, John Wiley and Sons, Newyork, 1982.

Course Outcomes: -

Students will be able to:

1. Acquire knowledge about the fundamental principles of Passive and Active Reactive Power Compensation Schemes at Transmission and Distribution level in Power Systems.
2. Learn various Static VAR Compensation Schemes like Thyristor/GTO Controlled Reactive Power Systems, PWM_Inverter based Reactive Power Systems and their controls.
3. To develop analytical modeling skills needed for modeling and analysis of such Static VAR Systems.

PE 5: INDUSTRIAL LOAD MODELING AND CONTROL (MEET353)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:

1. To understand the energy demand scenario
2. To understand the modeling of load and its ease to study load demand industrially
3. To know Electricity pricing models
4. Study Reactive power management in Industries

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	Electric Energy Scenario-Demand Side Management-Industrial Load Management Load Curves-Load Shaping Objectives Methodologies-Barriers Classification of Industrial Loads Continuous and Batch processes -Load Modeling	8
2	Electricity pricing – Dynamic and spot pricing -Models Direct load control- Interruptible load control Bottom up approach- scheduling- Formulation of load Models Optimization and control algorithms - Case studies	8
3	Reactive power management in industries controls-power quality impacts application of filters Energy saving in industries	8
4	Cooling and heating loads	8

	load profiling Modeling- Cool storage Types-Control strategies Optimal operation Problem formulation- Case studies	
5	Captive power units Operating and control strategies Power Pooling- Operation models Energy banking Industrial Cogeneration	6
6	Selection of Schemes Optimal Operating Strategies Peak load saving Constraints Problem formulation- Case study Integrated Load management for Industries	6

Suggested reading

1. C.O. Bjork " Industrial Load Management - Theory, Practice and Simulations", Elsevier, the Netherlands, 1989
2. C.W. Gellings and S.N. Talukdar,. Load management concepts. IEEE Press, New York, 1986, pp. 3-28
3. Y. Manichaikul and F.C. Schweppe , " Physically based Industrial load", IEEE Trans. on PAS, April 1981
4. H. G. Stoll, "Least cost Electricity Utility Planning", Wiley Interscience Publication, USA, 1989.
5. I.J.Nagarath and D.P.Kothari, .Modern Power System Engineering., Tata McGraw Hill publishers, NewDelhi, 1995
6. IEEE Bronze Book- "Recommended Practice for Energy Conservation and cost effective planning in Industrial facilities", IEEE Inc, USA

Course Outcomes: -

Students will be able to:

- 1: Knowledge about load control techniques in industries and its application
- 2: Learn different types of industrial processes and optimize the process using tools like LINDO and LINGO
- 3: Apply load management to reduce demand of electricity during peak time
- 4: Apply different energy saving opportunities in industries

PE 5: DYNAMICS OF LINEAR SYSTEMS (MEET354)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:		
1. To understand the linear system and its functions		
2. To understand the stability analysis of linear systems and implement the same in MATLAB		
Units	Content	Hours
1	State variable representations of systems transfer function and transfer function matrix solutions of state equations	8
2	Observability and controllability minimal realization of MIMO systems analysis of linear time varying systems the concepts of stability	8

3	Lyapunov stability analysis Lyapunov function and its properties controllability by state variable feedback	8
4	Ackerman's Formula - stabilisation by output feedback asymptotic observers for state measurement observer design	6
5	State space representation of discrete systems solution of state equations, controllability and observability stability analysis using Lyapunov method	6
6	State feedback of linear discrete timesystems design of observers - MATLAB Exercises	8

Suggested reading

1. Thomas Kailath, "Linear Systems", Prentice Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N.J. 1980.
2. K. Ogata, "State Space Analysis of Control Systems", Prentice Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1965.
3. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering, (second edition)", Prentice Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N.J., 1990
4. M.Gopal, "Digital Control and State Variable Methods", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1997
5. C.T. Chen, "Linear System Theory and Design", New York: Holt Rinehart and Winston, 1984
6. R.C. Dorf, and R. T. "Bishop, Modern Control Systems", Addison Wesley Longman Inc., 1999.

Course Outcomes:-

Students will be able to:

1. To learn linear system modeling, analysis and design so as to obtain the ability to apply the same to engineering problems in a global perspective
2. Knowledge on carrying out detailed stability analysis of both linear and nonlinear systems
3. Design observers and controllers for linear systems
4. Acquire knowledge of discrete time linear systems modeling, analysis and design
5. Develop and utilize modern software tools for analysis and design of linear continuous and discrete time systems

OPEN ELECTIVES

Business Analytics

Teaching scheme

Lecture: - 3 h/week

Course Code	
Course Name	Business Analytics (MOET931)
Credits	
Prerequisites	

Total Number of Lectures: 48

Course objective
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Understand the role of business analytics within an organization.2. Analyze data using statistical and data mining techniques and understand relationships between the underlying business processes of an organization.3. To gain an understanding of how managers use business analytics to formulate and solve business problems and to support managerial decision making.4. To become familiar with processes needed to develop, report, and analyze business data.

5. Use decision-making tools/Operations research techniques.
6. Manage business process using analytical and management tools.
7. Analyze and solve problems from different industries such as manufacturing, service, retail, software, banking and finance, sports, pharmaceutical, aerospace etc.

LECTURE WITH BREAKUP	NO. OF LECTURES
Unit1: Business analytics: Overview of Business analytics, Scope of Business analytics, Business Analytics Process, Relationship of Business Analytics Process and organisation, competitive advantages of Business Analytics. Statistical Tools: Statistical Notation, Descriptive Statistical methods, Review of probability distribution and data modelling, sampling and estimation methods overview.	9
Unit 2: Trendiness and Regression Analysis: Modelling Relationships and Trends in Data, simple Linear Regression. Important Resources, Business Analytics Personnel, Data and models for Business analytics, problem solving, Visualizing and Exploring Data, Business Analytics Technology.	8
Unit 3: Organization Structures of Business analytics, Team management, Management Issues, Designing Information Policy, Outsourcing, Ensuring Data Quality, Measuring contribution of Business analytics, Managing Changes. Descriptive Analytics, predictive analytics, predicative Modelling, Predictive analytics analysis, Data Mining, Data Mining Methodologies, Prescriptive analytics and its step in the business analytics Process, Prescriptive Modelling, nonlinear Optimization.	9
Unit 4: Forecasting Techniques: Qualitative and Judgmental Forecasting, Statistical Forecasting Models, Forecasting Models for Stationary Time Series, Forecasting Models for Time Series with a Linear Trend, Forecasting Time Series with Seasonality, Regression Forecasting with Casual Variables, Selecting Appropriate Forecasting Models. Monte Carlo Simulation and Risk Analysis: Monte Carle Simulation Using Analytic Solver Platform, New-Product Development Model, Newsvendor Model, Overbooking Model, Cash Budget Model.	10
Unit 5: Decision Analysis: Formulating Decision Problems, Decision Strategies with the without Outcome Probabilities, Decision Trees, The Value of Information, Utility and Decision Making.	8
Unit 6: Recent Trends in : Embedded and collaborative business intelligence, Visual data recovery, Data Storytelling and Data journalism.	4

COURSE OUTCOMES	

1. Students will demonstrate knowledge of data analytics.
2. Students will demonstrate the ability of think critically in making decisions based on data and deep analytics.
3. Students will demonstrate the ability to use technical skills in predicative and prescriptive modeling to support business decision-making.
4. Students will demonstrate the ability to translate data into clear, actionable insights.

Reference:

1. Business analytics Principles, Concepts, and Applications by Marc J. Schniederjans, Dara G. Schniederjans, Christopher M. Starkey, Pearson FT Press.
2. Business Analytics by James Evans, persons Education.

OPEN ELECTIVES**Industrial Safety (MOET392)****Teaching scheme****Lecture: - 3 h/week**

Unit-I: Industrial safety: Accident, causes, types, results and control, mechanical and electrical hazards, types, causes and preventive steps/procedure, describe salient points of factories act 1948 for health and safety, wash rooms, drinking water layouts, light, cleanliness, fire, guarding, pressure vessels, etc, Safety color codes. Fire prevention and firefighting, equipment and methods.

Unit-II: Fundamentals of maintenance engineering: Definition and aim of maintenance engineering, Primary and secondary functions and responsibility of maintenance department, Types of maintenance, Types and applications of tools used for maintenance, Maintenance cost & its relation with replacement economy, Service life of equipment.

Unit-III: Wear and Corrosion and their prevention: Wear- types, causes, effects, wear reduction methods, lubricants-types and applications, Lubrication methods, general sketch, working and applications, i. Screw down grease cup, ii. Pressure grease gun, iii. Splash lubrication, iv. Gravity lubrication, v. Wick feed lubrication vi. Side feed lubrication, vii. Ring lubrication, Definition, principle and factors affecting the corrosion. Types of corrosion, corrosion prevention methods.

Unit-IV: Fault tracing: Fault tracing-concept and importance, decision tree concept, need and applications, sequence of fault finding activities, show as decision tree, draw decision tree for problems in machine tools, hydraulic, pneumatic, automotive, thermal and electrical equipment's like, I. Any one machine tool, ii. Pump iii. Air compressor, iv. Internal combustion engine, v. Boiler, vi. Electrical motors, Types of faults in machine tools and their general causes.

Unit-V: Periodic and preventive maintenance: Periodic inspection-concept and need, degreasing, cleaning and repairing schemes, overhauling of mechanical components, overhauling of electrical motor, common troubles and remedies of electric motor, repair complexities and its use, definition, need, steps and advantages of preventive maintenance. Steps/procedure for periodic and preventive maintenance of: I. Machine tools, ii. Pumps, iii. Air compressors, iv. Diesel generating (DG) sets,

Program and schedule of preventive maintenance of mechanical and electrical equipment, advantages of preventive maintenance. Repair cycle concept and importance

Reference:

1. Maintenance Engineering Handbook, Higgins & Morrow, Da Information Services.
2. Maintenance Engineering, H. P. Garg, S. Chand and Company.
3. Pump-hydraulic Compressors, Audels, Mcgrew Hill Publication.
4. Foundation Engineering Handbook, Winterkorn, Hans, Chapman & Hall London.

OPEN ELECTIVES

Operations Research(MOET393)

Teaching Scheme

Lectures: 3 hrs/week

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

1. Students should able to apply the dynamic programming to solve problems of discreet and continuous variables.
2. Students should able to apply the concept of non-linear programming
3. Students should able to carry out sensitivity analysis
4. Student should able to model the real world problem and simulate it.

Syllabus Contents:

Unit 1:

Optimization Techniques, Model Formulation, models, General L.R Formulation, Simplex Techniques, Sensitivity Analysis, Inventory Control Models

Unit 2

Formulation of a LPP - Graphical solution revised simplex method - duality theory - dual simplex method - sensitivity analysis - parametric programming

Unit 3:

Nonlinear programming problem - Kuhn-Tucker conditions min cost flow problem - max flow problem - CPM/PERT

Unit 4

Scheduling and sequencing - single server and multiple server models - deterministic inventory models - Probabilistic inventory control models - Geometric Programming.

Unit 5

Competitive Models,Single and Multi-channel Problems, Sequencing Models, Dynamic Programming, Flow in Networks, Elementary Graph Theory, Game Theory Simulation

References:

1. H.A. Taha, Operations Research, An Introduction, PHI, 2008
2. H.M. Wagner, Principles of Operations Research, PHI, Delhi, 1982.

3. J.C. Pant, Introduction to Optimisation: Operations Research, Jain Brothers, Delhi, 2008
4. Hitler Libermann Operations Research: McGraw Hill Pub. 2009
5. Pannarselvam, Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010
6. Harvey M Wagner, Principles of Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010

Open Elective

Cost Management & Engineering Projects (MOET394)

Teaching scheme

Lecture: - 3 h/week

Introduction and Overview of the Strategic Cost Management Process

Cost concepts in decision-making; Relevant cost, Differential cost, Incremental cost and Opportunity cost. Objectives of a Costing System; Inventory valuation; Creation of a Database for operational control; Provision of data for Decision-Making.

Project: meaning, Different types, why to manage, cost overruns centres, various stages of project execution : conception to commissioning. Project execution as conglomeration of technical and non technical activities. Detailed Engineering activities. Pre project execution main clearances and documents Project team : Role of each member. Importance Project site : Data required with significance. Project contracts. Types and contents. Project execution Project cost control. Bar charts and Network diagram. Project commissioning: mechanical and process

Cost Behavior and Profit Planning Marginal Costing; Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing; Break-even Analysis, Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis. Various decision-making problems. Standard Costing and Variance Analysis. Pricing strategies: Pareto Analysis. Target costing, Life Cycle Costing. Costing of service sector. Just-in-time approach, Material Requirement Planning, Enterprise Resource Planning, Total Quality Management and Theory of constraints. Activity-Based Cost Management, Bench Marking; Balanced Score Card and Value-Chain Analysis. Budgetary Control; Flexible Budgets; Performance budgets; Zero-based budgets. Measurement of Divisional profitability pricing decisions including transfer pricing.

Quantitative techniques for cost management, Linear Programming, PERT/CPM, Transportation problems, Assignment problems, Simulation, Learning Curve Theory.

References:

1. Cost Accounting A Managerial Emphasis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
2. Charles T. Horngren and George Foster, Advanced Management Accounting
3. Robert S Kaplan Anthony A. Alkinson, Management & Cost Accounting
4. Ashish K. Bhattacharya, Principles & Practices of Cost Accounting A. H. Wheeler publisher
5. N.D. Vohra, Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata McGraw Hill Book Co. Ltd.

Open Elective

Composite Materials (MOET395)

Teaching scheme

Lecture: - 3 h/week

UNIT–I: INTRODUCTION: Definition – Classification and characteristics of Composite materials. Advantages and application of composites. Functional requirements of reinforcement and matrix. Effect of reinforcement (size, shape, distribution, volume fraction) on overall composite performance.

UNIT – II: REINFORCEMENTS: Preparation-layup, curing, properties and applications of glassfibers, carbon fibers, Kevlar fibers and Boron fibers. Properties and applications of whiskers, particle reinforcements. Mechanical Behavior of composites: Rule of mixtures, Inverse rule of mixtures. Isostrain and Isostress conditions.

UNIT – III: Manufacturing of Metal Matrix Composites: Casting – Solid State diffusion technique, Cladding – Hot isostatic pressing. Properties and applications. Manufacturing of Ceramic Matrix Composites: Liquid Metal Infiltration – Liquid phase sintering. Manufacturing of Carbon – Carbon composites: Knitting, Braiding, Weaving. Properties and applications.

UNIT–IV: Manufacturing of Polymer Matrix Composites: Preparation of Moulding compounds and prepregs – hand layup method – Autoclave method – Filament winding method – Compression moulding – Reaction injection moulding. Properties and applications.

UNIT – V: Strength: Laminar Failure Criteria-strength ratio, maximum stress criteria, maximum strain criteria, interacting failure criteria, hygrothermal failure. Laminate first ply failure-insight strength; Laminate strength-ply discount truncated maximum strain criterion; strength design using caplet plots; stress concentrations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Material Science and Technology – Vol 13 – Composites by R.W.Cahn – VCH, West Germany.
2. Materials Science and Engineering, An introduction. WD Callister, Jr., Adapted by R. Balasubramaniam, John Wiley & Sons, NY, Indian edition, 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Hand Book of Composite Materials-ed-Lubin.
2. Composite Materials – K.K.Chawla.
3. Composite Materials Science and Applications – Deborah D.L. Chung.
4. Composite Materials Design and Applications – Danial Gay, Suong V. Hoa, and Stephen W. Tasi.

Open Elective

Waste to Energy Teaching scheme (MOET396)

Lecture: - 3 h/week

Unit-I: Introduction to Energy from Waste: Classification of waste as fuel – Agro based, Forestresidue, Industrial waste - MSW – Conversion devices – Incinerators, gasifiers, digestors

Unit-II: Biomass Pyrolysis: Pyrolysis – Types, slow fast – Manufacture of charcoal – Methods - Yields and application – Manufacture of pyrolytic oils and gases, yields and applications.

Unit-III: Biomass Gasification: Gasifiers – Fixed bed system – Downdraft and updraft gasifiers – Fluidized bed gasifiers – Design, construction and operation – Gasifier burner arrangement for thermal heating – Gasifier engine arrangement and electrical power – Equilibrium and kinetic consideration in gasifier operation.

Unit-IV: Biomass Combustion: Biomass stoves – Improved chullahs, types, some exotic designs, Fixed bed combustors, Types, inclined grate combustors, Fluidized bed combustors, Design, construction and operation - Operation of all the above biomass combustors.

Unit-V: Biogas: Properties of biogas (Calorific value and composition) - Biogas plant technology and status - Bio energy system - Design and constructional features - Biomass resources and their classification - Biomass conversion processes - Thermo chemical conversion - Direct combustion - biomass gasification - pyrolysis and liquefaction - biochemical conversion - anaerobic digestion - Types of biogas Plants – Applications - Alcohol production from biomass - Bio diesel production - Urban waste to energy conversion - Biomass energy programme in India.

References:

1. Non Conventional Energy, Desai, Ashok V., Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1990.
2. Biogas Technology - A Practical Hand Book - Khandelwal, K. C. and Mahdi, S. S., Vol. I & II, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 1983.
3. Food, Feed and Fuel from Biomass, Challal, D. S., IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1991.
4. Biomass Conversion and Technology, C. Y. WereKo-Brobby and E. B. Hagan, John Wiley & Sons, 1996.

AUDIT 1 and 2: ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING (MAUT191)

Course objectives:		
Students will be able to:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability 2. Learn about what to write in each section 3. Understand the skills needed when writing a Title 		
Units	CONTENTS	Hours
1	Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness	4
2	Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticising, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts. Introduction	4
3	Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check.	4
4	key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature,	4
5	skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions	4
6	useful phrases, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first-time submission	4

Suggested Studies:

1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books)
2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press
3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman'sbook .
4. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011

AUDIT 1 and 2: DISASTER MANAGEMENT (MAUT192)

Course Objectives:- Students will be able to:
11. learn to demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
12. critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
13. develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
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14. critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches, planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in

Syllabus

Units	CONTENTS	Hours
1	Introduction Disaster: Definition, Factors And Significance; Difference Between Hazard And Disaster; Natural And Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types And Magnitude.	4
2	Repercussions Of Disasters And Hazards: Economic Damage, Loss Of Human And Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.	4
3	Disaster Prone Areas In India Study Of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods And Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic And Coastal Hazards With Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases And Epidemics	4
4	Disaster Preparedness And Management Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Or Hazard; Evaluation Of Risk: Application Of Remote Sensing, Data From Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental And Community Preparedness.	4
5	Risk Assessment Disaster Risk: Concept And Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global And National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques Of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation In Risk Assessment And Warning, People's Participation In Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.	4
6	Disaster Mitigation Meaning, Concept And Strategies Of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends In Mitigation. Structural Mitigation And Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs Of Disaster Mitigation In India.	4

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "New Royal book Company.
2. Sahni, Pardeep Et. Al. (Eds.), " Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi.
3. Goel S. L. , Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies" ,Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

AUDIT 1 and 2: SANSKRIT FOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE (MOUT193)

Course Objectives

1. To get a working knowledge in illustrious Sanskrit, the scientific language in the world
2. Learning of Sanskrit to improve brain functioning
3. Learning of Sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power

4. The engineering scholars equipped with Sanskrit will be able to explore the huge knowledge from ancient literature

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Alphabets in Sanskrit, Past/Present/Future Tense, Simple Sentences	8
2	Order Introduction of roots Technical information about Sanskrit Literature	8
3	Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Mathematics	8

Suggested reading

1. “Abhyaspustakam” – Dr. Vishwas, Sanskrit-Bharti Publication, New Delhi
2. “Teach Yourself Sanskrit” Prathama Deeksha-Vempati Kutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication
3. “India’s Glorious Scientific Tradition” Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

Course Output

Students will be able to

1. Understanding basic Sanskrit language
2. Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood
3. Being a logical language will help to develop logic in students

AUDIT 1 and 2: VALUE EDUCATION (MAUT194)

Course Objectives

Students will be able to

1. Understand value of education and self- development

2. Imbibe good values in students
3. Let the should know about the importance of character

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements	4
2	Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty ,Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature ,Discipline	6
3	Personality and Behaviour Development - Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline. Punctuality, Love and Kindness. Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature	6
4	Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation. Equality ,Non violence ,Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind ,Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively	6

Suggested reading

1 Chakroborty , S.K. “Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice”, Oxford University Press ,New Delhi

Course outcomes

Students will be able to

1. Knowledge of self-development
2. Learn the importance of Human values
3. Developing the overall personality

AUDIT 1 and 2: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA (MAUT291)

Course Objectives:		
Students will be able to:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective. 2. To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism. 3. To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution. 		
Syllabus		
Units	Content	Hours
1.	History of Making of the Indian Constitution: History Drafting Committee, (Composition& Working)	4
2.	Philosophy of the Indian Constitution: Preamble Salient Features	4
3.	Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties: Fundamental Rights Right to Equality Right to Freedom Right against Exploitation Right to Freedom of Religion Cultural and Educational Rights Right to Constitutional Remedies Directive Principles of State Policy Fundamental Duties.	4
4.	Organs of Governance: Parliament Composition Qualifications and Disqualifications Powers and Functions Executive President Governor Council of Ministers	4

	Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications Powers and Functions	
5	Local Administration: District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative CEO of Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: ZilaPachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy	4
6	Election Commission: Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners. State Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.	4

Suggested Reading

1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
2. Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
3. Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
4. Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

AUDIT 1 and 2: PEDAGOGICAL STUDIES (MAUT292)

Course Objectives:

Students will be able to:

1. Review existing evidence on the review topic to inform programme design and policy making undertaken by the DfID, other agencies and researchers.
2. Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development.

Syllabus

Units	Content	Hours
1	Introduction and Methodology: Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and Terminology Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education. Conceptual framework, Research questions. Overview of methodology and Searching.	4

2	Thematic overview: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.	2
3	Evidence on the effectiveness of pedagogical practices Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches. Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies.	4
4	Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow-up support Peer support Support from the head teacher and the community. Curriculum and assessment Barriers to learning: limited resources and large class sizes	4
5	Research gaps and future directions Research design Contexts Pedagogy Teacher education Curriculum and assessment Dissemination and research impact.	2

Suggested reading

1. Ackers J, Hardman F (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, *Compare*, 31 (2): 245-261.
2. Agrawal M (2004) Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, *Journal of Curriculum Studies*, 36 (3): 361-379.
3. Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana - does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID.
4. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? *International Journal Educational Development*, 33 (3): 272–282.
5. Alexander RJ (2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
6. Chavan M (2003) Read India: A mass scale, rapid, 'learning to read' campaign.
7. www.pratham.org/images/resource%20working%20paper%202.pdf.

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to understand:

1. What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries?
2. What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners?
3. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy?

AUDIT 1 and 2: STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA (MAUT293)

Course Objectives

1. To achieve overall health of body and mind
2. To overcome stress

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Definitions of Eight parts of yog. (Ashtanga)	8
2	Yam and Niyam. Do`s and Don`t`s in life. i) Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha ii) Shaucha, santosh, tapa, swadhyay, ishwarpranidhan	8
3	Asan and Pranayam i) Various yog poses and their benefits for mind & body ii)Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of Pranayam	8

Suggested reading

1. ‘Yogic Asanas for Group Training-Part-I’ : Janardan Swami YogabhyasiMandal, Nagpur
2. “Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature” by Swami Vivekananda, AdvaitaAshrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also
2. Improve efficiency

AUDIT 1 and 2: PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE and ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS (MAUT294)

Course Objectives

1. To learn to achieve the highest goal happily
2. To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination
3. To awaken wisdom in students

Syllabus

Unit	Content	Hours
1	Neetisatakam-Holistic development of personality Verses- 19,20,21,22 (wisdom) Verses- 29,31,32 (pride & heroism) Verses- 26,28,63,65 (virtue) Verses- 52,53,59 (dont's) Verses- 71,73,75,78 (do's)	8
2	Approach to day to day work and duties. ShrimadBhagwadGeeta : Chapter 2-Verses 41, 47,48, Chapter 3-Verses 13, 21, 27, 35, Chapter 6-Verses 5,13,17, 23, 35, Chapter 18-Verses 45, 46, 48.	8
3	Statements of basic knowledge. ShrimadBhagwadGeeta : Chapter2-Verses 56, 62, 68 Chapter 12 -Verses 13, 14, 15, 16,17, 18 Personality of Role model. ShrimadBhagwadGeeta : Chapter2-Verses 17,Chapter 3-Verses 36,37,42, Chapter 4-Verses 18, 38,39 Chapter18 – Verses 37,38,63	8

Suggested reading

1. “Srimad Bhagavad Gita” by Swami SwarupanandaAdvaita Ashram (Publication Department), Kolkata
2. Bhartrihari’s Three Satakam (Niti-sringar-vairagya) by P.Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi.

Course Outcomes

Students will be able to

1. Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life
2. The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity
3. Study of Neetishatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students.

